



Numerical Simulation of Shock Wave; Turbulent Boundary Layer

Interaction

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Abstract

An analysis of the results shows an honest agreement with reference experiment in terms of mean quantities and turbulence structure. The machine knowledge makes sure theoretical and experimental results on fluctuation-amplification across the interaction region. Within the wake of the most shock a shedding of shocklets is discovered. The temporal behavior of the coupled shock-separation system agrees well with experimental knowledge. The simulation knowledge gives indications for a large-scale shock motion. In the present paper, it's discovered that the structural changes within the downstream separated flow are paying homage to bound global linear instability modes according within the literature, suggesting that an inherent instability of the separated flow may be the driving mechanism for the unsteadiness.

Keywords: Shock wave, Turbulent boundary, Boundary layer.

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